

[The Civil Rights Movement- VUS 14]

Segregation

School Desegregation

The Montgomery Bus Boycott

Sit-Ins

Freedom Riders

The March on Washington

Voter Registration

The End of the Movement

[Segregation-1950' s]

- The **CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT** was a political, legal, and social struggle to gain full citizenship rights for African Americans *and equal pay for equal work.*

[TERMS-CIVIL RIGHTS]

- 1) SEGREGATION-SEPARATION OF RACES
- 2) DESEGREGATION-TO ELIMINATE SEGREGATION
- 3) INTEGRATION-TO BRING DIFFERENT RACES TOGETHER

[Segregation-1950' s]

- SEGREGATION AND JIM CROW LAWS ARE CHALLENGED BY PROTESTS, MARCHES, AND BOYCOTTS

[Segregation]



Drinking fountain on county courthouse lawn, Halifax, North Carolina;

Library of Congress, Prints & Photographs Division, FSA/OWI Collection, [reproduction number, e.g., LC-USF34-9058-C]

[Segregation]

- African Americans had separate schools, transportation, restaurants, and parks, many of which were inferior to those of whites.



Negro going in colored entrance of movie house on Saturday afternoon, Belzoni, Mississippi Delta, Mississippi

Library of Congress, Prints & Photographs Division, FSA/OWI Collection, [reproduction number, e.g., LC-USF34-9058-C]

[Segregation]

- Denial of voting rights is known as **disenfranchisement**.
- **EX. Literacy tests, poll taxes**

[Segregation]

- *Plessy v. Ferguson* (1896)
“*separate but equal*”
accommodations were
constitutional.

[Segregation]

- **W.E.B. Du Bois**
National Association for the
Advancement of Colored People-
(NAACP) a legal organization to
oppose segregation and
discrimination

[School Desegregation]

- In 1954, the Supreme Court issued its landmark ruling in *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka*, stating racially segregated education was unconstitutional and **overturned** *Plessy v. Ferguson*

[LINDA BROWN]

- LINDA(8 YRS.OLD) LIVED NEAR A WHITE SCHOOL BUT HAD TO TAKE A LONG BUS RIDE TO ATTEND A BLACK SCHOOL

- REVEREND OLIVER BROWN PROTESTED THIS DECISION AND IT WENT TO THE SUPREME COURT

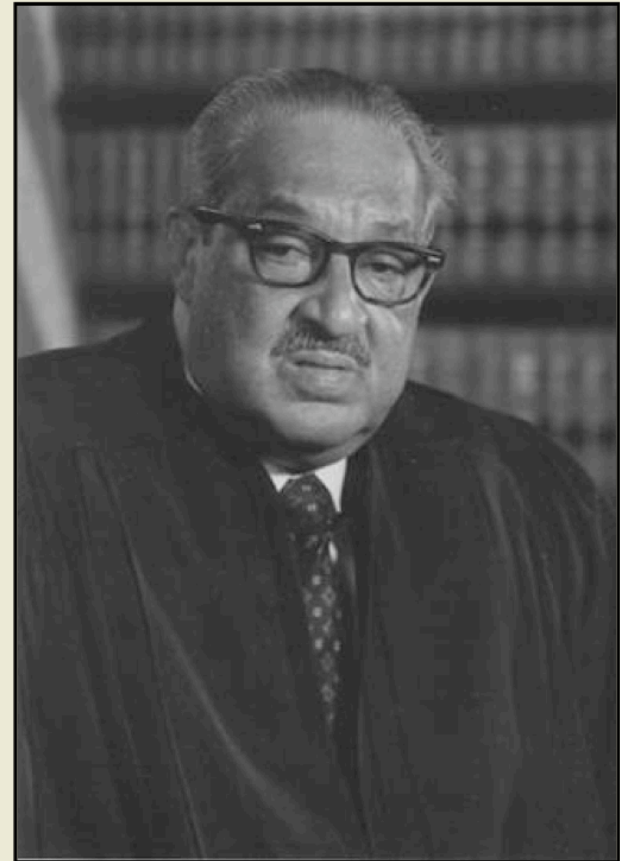
BROWN VS. THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF TOPEKA

THURGOOD
MARSHALL-
LAWYER
ARGUED CASE
OF LINDA
BROWN

OLIVER HILL-VA.
LAWYER
HELPED THE
LEGAL
DEFENSE
TEAM

[THURGOOD MARSHALL]

HE WOULD
GO ON TO
BECOME 1ST
AFRICAN
AMERICAN
SUPREME
COURT
JUSTICE



[School Desegregation]

- By 1955, white opposition in the South had grown into ***massive resistance***, using a strategy to persuade all whites to resist desegregating schools.
- ***WHITE FLIGHT RESULTED AND WHITES SENT CHILDREN TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS***

[School Desegregation]

- U.S SENATOR HARRY BYRD
PROMOTED MASSIVE
RESISITANCE IN VIRGINIA.

[School Desegregation]

- Hardly any schools in the South desegregated their schools in the first years following the *Brown* decision.
- In Virginia, one county actually closed its public schools-
PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY
FOR 3 YEARS.

[LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS]

- In 1957, Governor Orval Faubus defied a federal court order to admit nine African American students to Central High School in Little Rock, Arkansas.
- President Dwight Eisenhower sent federal troops to enforce desegregation.

ELIZABETH ECKFORD



































Statue of Little Rock 9



[School Desegregation]

- As desegregation continued, the membership of the ***Ku Klux Klan (KKK) grew.***

[The Montgomery Bus Boycott]

- In December 1955, Rosa Parks, a member of the Montgomery, Alabama, branch of the NAACP, was told to give up her seat on a city bus to a white person. She refused and was arrested.

[The Montgomery Bus Boycott]



Woman fingerprinted. Mrs. **Rosa Parks**, Negro seamstress, whose refusal to move to the back of a bus touched off the bus boycott in Montgomery, Ala.

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division
Washington, D.C.; LC-USZ62-109643

[The Montgomery Bus Boycott]

- All blacks boycotted the bus system. The boycott lasted for more than a year,
- In November 1956, a federal court ordered Montgomery's buses desegregated and the boycott ended in victory.
- *THIS IS WHEN MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. GAINED HIS NOTORIETY BECAUSE HE LED THE BOYCOTT*



Max Scheller/Black Star



[The Montgomery Bus Boycott]

- KING complemented the **NAACP's** legal strategy by using nonviolent, direct action to protest segregation.

[***Sit-Ins-1960's]

- **Students (black and white) began protesting racial segregation in restaurants by sitting at “White Only” lunch counters and waiting to be served.**



Sit-ins in a Nashville store

Library of Congress Prints and Photographs
Division Washington, D.C.; LC-USZ62-126236

[***Sit-Ins]

- Sit-ins were taking place in cities across the South.
- Many restaurants were desegregated in response to the sit-ins.

[Freedom Riders]

- The Freedom Riders, both African American and white, traveled around the South in buses **to integrate interstate buses.**

[Freedom Riders]

- The ***Freedom Rides*** began in Washington, D.C. The trip was peaceful until the buses reached Alabama, where violence erupted.
- EVENTUALLY ALL BUSES WOULD BE DESEGREGATED

[The March on Washington- AUGUST 28, 1963]

*The leaders planned a March on Washington for jobs and freedom to take place in August 1963.

*Kennedy was fearful of violence.

- IT WAS TO BE PEACEFUL AND NON-VIOLENT AND THE KEYNOTE SPEAKER WOULD BE MLK

[The March on Washington]

- Martin Luther King, Jr., delivered a moving address to an audience of more than 200,000 people.
- His “I Have a Dream” speech—delivered in front of the giant statue of Abraham Lincoln—became famous for the way in which it expressed the ideals of the civil rights movement.



[The March on Washington]

- HELPED INFLUENCE PUBLIC OPINION TO SUPPORT CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION
- DEMONSTRATED THE POWER OF NON VIOLENT PROTEST.

“I HAVE A
DREAM.....”



CIVIL RIGHTS ACT 1964- JOHNSON

- Act prohibited discrimination based on race, religion, national origin, and gender.
- Desegregated public accommodations-
RESTROOMS,
RESTAURANTS, ETC.

VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965

- President Johnson persuaded Congress to pass the
- **Voting Rights Act of 1965, which stopped the use of literacy tests and poll taxes.
- Federal registrars sent to the south to register voters
- Resulted in increase in African American voters

[24TH AMENDMENT]

- ***24th amendment -
banned poll taxes.***

[The End of the Movement]

- For many people the civil rights movement ended with the death of Martin Luther King, Jr. on **APRIL 4, 1968 in *Memphis, Tennessee.***
- James Earl Ray was the assassin.
- Riots broke out all over the U.S. because of frustration and anger over his death.



[MALCOLM X]

MALCOLM X BELIEVED IN A MORE
AGGRESSIVE FORM OF RESISTANCE

***BY ANY MEANS NECESSARY**

***HE WOULD BE**

ASSASSINATED BY NATION

OF ISLAM MEMBERS-1965

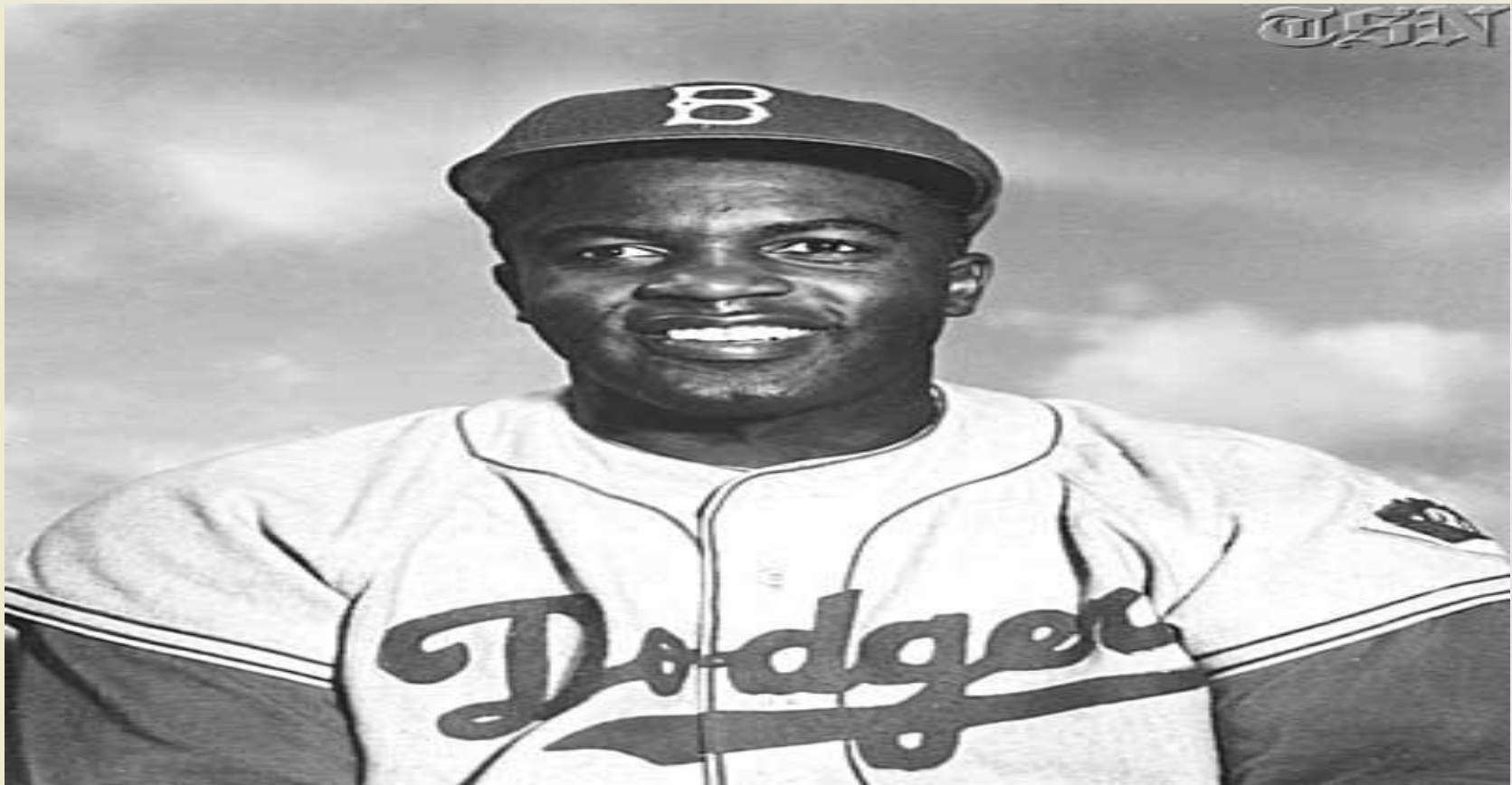
[MALCOLM X]



[MALCOLM X]



[JACKIE ROBINSON]



[CIVIL RIGHTS FACTS]

*1948-**TRUMAN**

INTEGRATED THE
ARMED FORCES

***STROM THURMOND TO**
PROTEST
DESEGREGATION RAN
ON THE
DIXIECRAT(STATES
RIGHTS) TICKET.

***JACKIE ROBINSON**
BROKE THE
COLOR BARRIER
IN SPORTS-
BASEBALL

***Rock and Roll**
created a white
audience for
Black musicians

[LOVING VS, VIRGINIA]

1968-SUPREME
COURT RULED
THAT VA.COULD
NOT BAR BLACKS
AND WHITES
FROM GETTING
MARRIED

■ ****BRENDA
LOVING JUST
PASSED AWAY IN
2008

[THE LOVINGS]





OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS LEADERS AND ATROCITIES

[CIVIL RIGHTS LEADERS]

- STOKELY CARMICHAEL-MILITANT CIVIL RIGHTS LEADER IN MISSISSIPPI
- COINED PHRASE “**BLACK POWER**”
- AT ODDS WITH MLK WHO PERCEIVED HIS MESSAGE AS INCITING VIOLENCE



[CIVIL RIGHTS LEADERS]

- HUEY NEWTON AND BOBBY SEALE STARTED THE **BLACK PANTHER PARTY**
- VERY MILITANT GROUP FORMED TO FIGHT POLICE BRUTALITY IN THE GHETTOS OF CALIFORNIA.



Death of Emmett Till- Mississippi

AUGUST 24, 1955-EMMETT TILL TALKS TO A
WHITE WOMAN AT A STORE

AUGUST 28, 1955-WOMAN'S HUSBAND AND
FRIEND

KIDNAP EMMETT, KILL HIM, AND THROW HIM IN
TALLAHATCHIE RIVER

AUGUST 31-BODY IS DISCOVERED-MOTHER
MAMIE

INSISTS ON OPEN CASKET FOR EVERYONE TO
SEE

*****THE MEN-BRYANT AND MILAM FOUND NOT
GUILTY**

EMMETT TILL AND MOTHER MAMIE



EMMETT TILL IN OPEN CASKET





CHICAGO DEFENDER

DEATH OF CIVIL RIGHTS WORKERS JUNE 21, 1964

3 CIVIL RIGHTS WORKERS CAME TO **MISSISSIPPI**
TO REGISTER BLACKS AND ORGANIZE BOYCOTTS.

ARRESTED FOR SPEEDING-RELEASED- BUT FOLLOWED
BY KKK-NEVER SEEN ALIVE AGAIN.

2 DAYS LATER BURNT CAR FOUND AND BODIES

7 OF 18 CONVICTED BY 1967

EDGAR KILLEN FINALLY CONVICTED 2005

MISSING CALL FBI

THE FBI IS SEEKING INFORMATION CONCERNING THE DISAPPEARANCE AT PHILADELPHIA, MISSISSIPPI OF THESE THREE INDIVIDUALS ON JUNE 21, 1964. EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION IS BEING CONDUCTED TO LOCATE GOODMAN, CHANEY, AND SCHWERNER, WHO ARE DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

ANDREW GOODMAN



JAMES EARL CHANEY



MICHAEL HENRY SCHWERNER



RACE:
SEX:
DOB:
POB:
AGE:
WEIGHT:
WEIGHT:
HAIR:
EYES:
TEETH:
SCARS AND MARKS:

White
Male
November 23, 1942
New York City
22 years
5'10"
150 pounds
Dark brown wavy
Brown

Negro
Male
May 20, 1942
Memphis, Mississippi
22 years
5'7"
175 to 180 pounds
Black
Brown
Good, none missing
1 inch cut side 2 inches above left ear.

White
Male
November 6, 1940
New York City
24 years
5'9" to 5'10"
170 to 180 pounds
Brown
Light blue

Psychic scars of forehead, slight scar on bridge of nose, supercilious scar, broken leg scar.

SHOULD YOU HAVE OR IN THE FUTURE RECEIVE ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING THE WHEREABOUTS OF THESE INDIVIDUALS, YOU ARE REQUESTED TO NOTIFY ME OR THE NEAREST OFFICE OF THE FBI. TELEPHONE NUMBER IS LISTED BELOW.



J. Edgar Hoover
DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535
TELEPHONE NATIONAL 8-7117

June 29, 1964

MEDGAR EVERS-1963

ORGANIZED BOYCOTTS IN **MISSISSIPPI** AND
INVESTIGATED EMMETT TILL' S DEATH

JUNE 12, 1963-SHOT IN THE BACK WHEN
RETURNING HOME

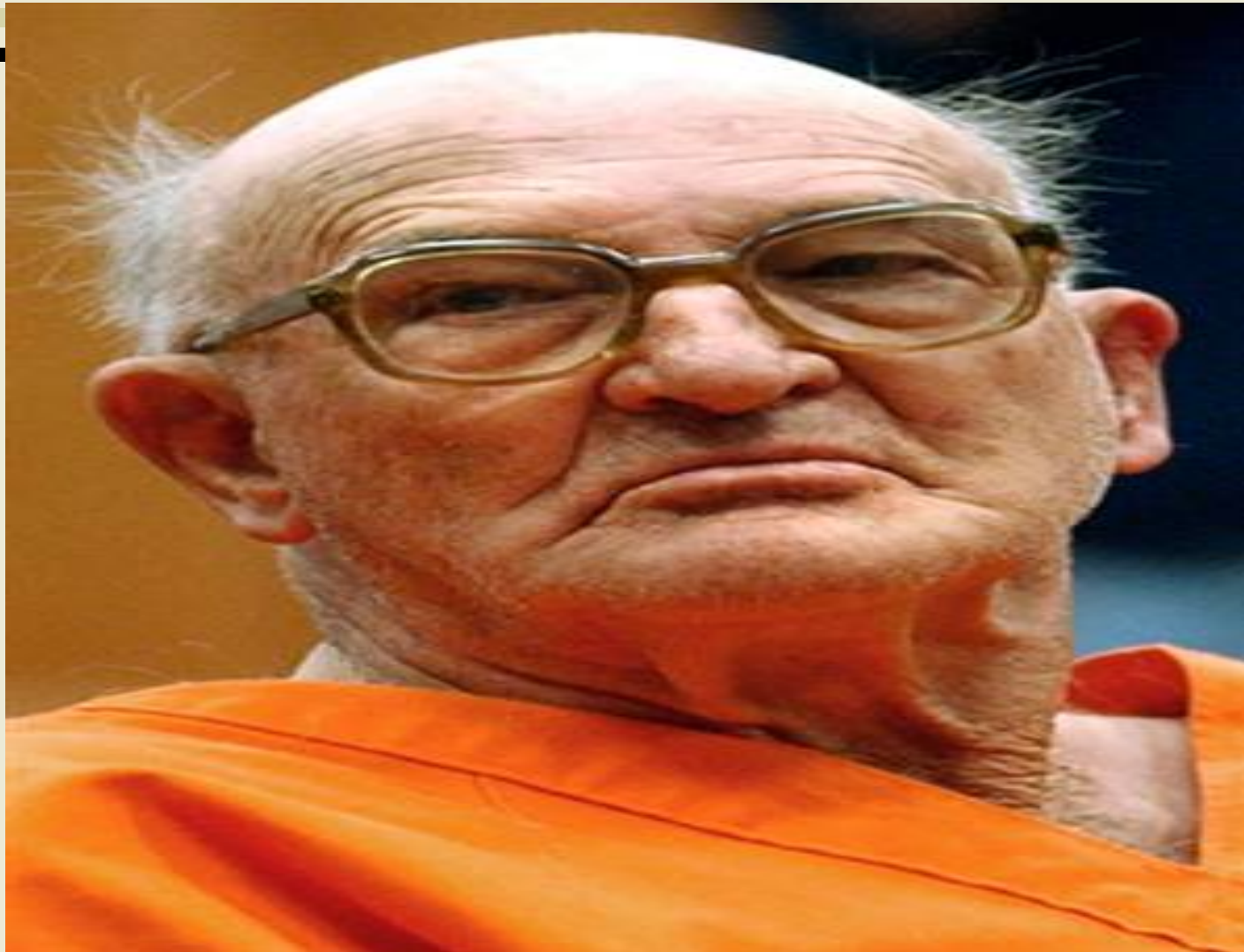
BYRON DE LA BECKWITH ARRESTED (KKK MEMBER)
BUT JURY DEADLOCKED-RELEASED

1994-BOBBY DELAUGHTER PROSECUTED HIM
FINALLY 30 YEARS LATER-BECKWITH DIED IN 2001

[Medgar Evers and Myrlie Evers Williams]



FINALLY!-EDGAR KILLEN CONVICTED 2005



[16TH STREET CHURCH BOMBINGS- SEPT-1963-Birmingham, Alabama]

- KKK TERRORIST ATTACK
- RESULTED IN THE DEATH OF 4 GIRLS
- IT WASN' T UNTIL 2000 THAT ALL PARTIES WERE CONVICTED

BIRMINGHAM FOUR



Addie Mae Collins



Carole Robertson



Cynthia Wesley



Denise McNair